



# Welcome | Bienvenidos | Welina | Bien binidu Buen binidu | Afio mai

"LTAP Resources and Innovations"





## **LTAP Resources and Innovations**



## **Greetings from Puerto Rico!**



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## Innovations





#### Pedestrian/Bicyclist



**Bicycle Lanes** 



<u>Crosswalk Visibility</u> <u>Enhancements</u>



<u>Leading Pedestrian</u> <u>Interval</u>



Medians and
Pedestrian Refuge
Islands in Urban and
Suburban Areas



<u>Pedestrian Hybrid</u> Beacons



Rectangular Rapid Flashing Beacons (RRFB)



Road Diets (Roadway
Configuration)



<u>Walkways</u>

#### **Roadway Departure**



<u>Enhanced Delineation</u> <u>for Horizontal Curves</u>



Longitudinal Rumble Strips and Stripes on Two-Lane Roads



<u>Median Barriers</u>



## **Every Day Counts - Round 7**











7 new innovations





## **State Transportation Innovation Council**



Group of Professionals working together to encourage the use of innovation in the State or Territory.

\$100,000 Federal Funds for Projects (Incentive Program)

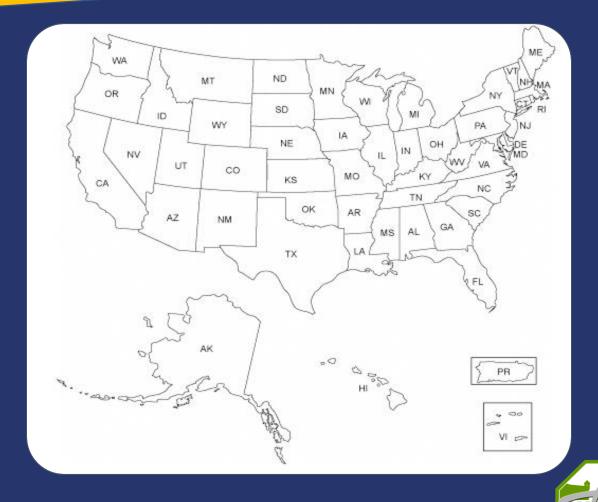
Conferences, Articles, Training



## **LTAP Overview**



- The Local Technical Assistance Program (LTAP) and Tribal Technical Assistance Program (TTAP) are composed of a network of centers located in each state and territory.
- The LTAP/TTAP centers enable local counties, cities and towns to improve roads and bridges by supplying them with training programs, new and existing technology updates and many other technical resources.



## LTAP Overview



#### **MISSION**

"To foster a safe, efficient, and environmentally sound surface transportation by improving skills and increasing knowledge of the transportation workforce and decision makers."

#### **VISION**

"To improve the quality and safety of the surface transportation system through interactive relationships and information exchange... driven by these relationships and known for our ability to enrich the knowledge base of our stakeholders."



## PRLTAP-T<sup>2</sup> Center



- Founded in April 1, 1986 in the Civil Engineering and Surveying Department of the University of Puerto Rico Mayaguez Campus
- In 1991, the program was changed to the present LTAP and included technical assistance to the expanded network of 52 centers including seven tribal communities



https://prltap.org/eng/





## PRLTAP-T<sup>2</sup> Center Web Page



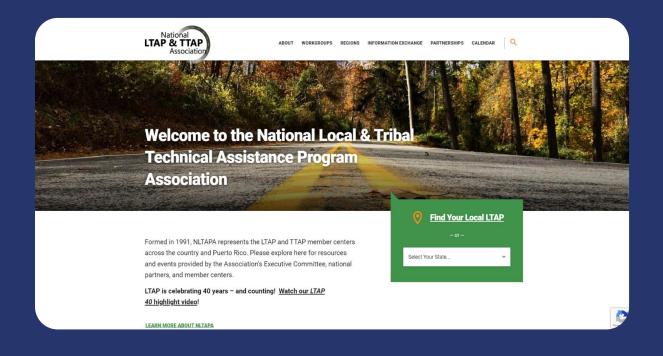


**Events Calendar** 

## **NLTAPA Overview**



The National Local Technical
 Assistance Program Association
 (NLTAPA) is a non-profit
 organization representing the 52
 LTAP and TTAP centers in the United
 States and Puerto Rico.



https://nltapa.org/







- Communications
- Conference Planning
- Innovation and Implementation
- Partnership
- Professional Development
- Safety
- Training Resources



https://nltapa.org/workgroups/

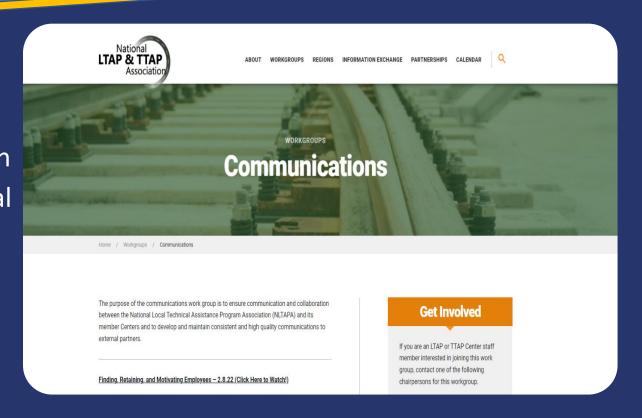






#### **Communications**

The purpose of the communications
 work group is to ensure communication
 and collaboration between the National
 Local Technical Assistance Program
 Association (NLTAPA) and its member
 Centers and to develop and maintain
 consistent and high quality
 communications to external partners.



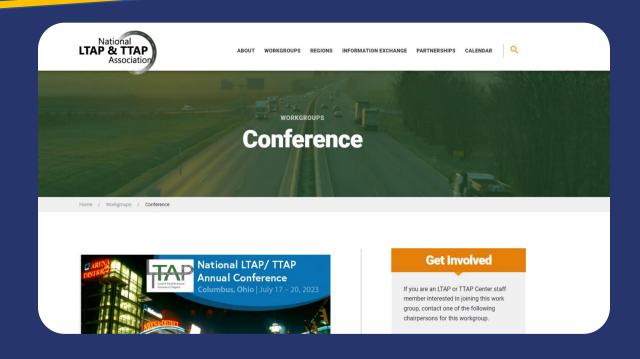






### **Conference Planning**

 The National LTAP/TTAP Conference is the annual meeting for the LTAP/TTAP
 Centers, and is planned and administered by NLTAPA through the
 Conference Planning Work Group.



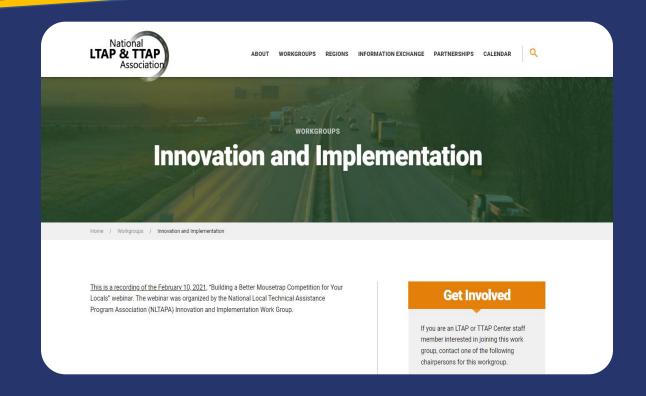






### **Innovation and Implementation**

The Innovation and Implementation
 Work Group supports NLTAPA and its
 member centers by identifying and
 sharing innovative practices,
 technologies, and implementation
 strategies that allow them to meet the
 needs of their local road practitioners.



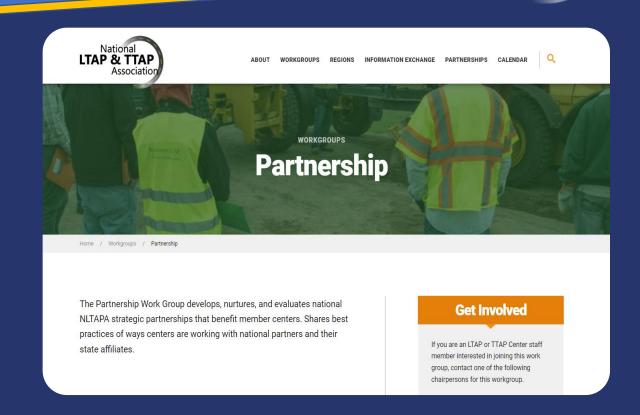






### **Partnership**

 The Partnership Work Group develops, nurtures, and evaluates national NLTAPA strategic partnerships that benefit member centers. Shares best practices of ways centers are working with national partners and their state affiliates.



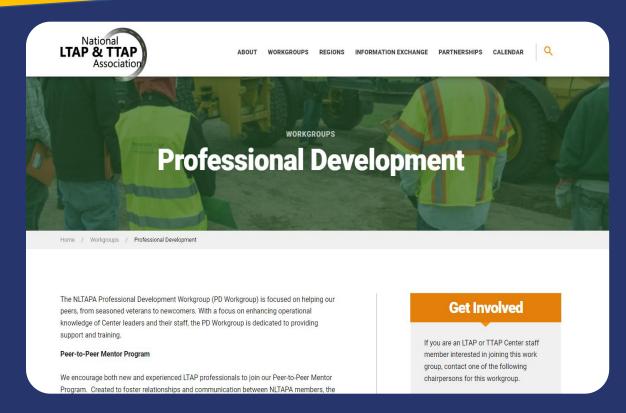






### **Professional Development**

The NLTAPA Professional Development
Workgroup (PD Workgroup) is focused
on helping our peers, from seasoned
veterans to newcomers. With a focus
on enhancing operational knowledge of
Center leaders and their staff, the PD
Workgroup is dedicated to providing
support and training.









### Safety

The purpose of the Safety Work
 Group is to establish the Local
 Technical Assistance Program as a
 leader in road safety, both nationally
 and within each state.









### **Training Resources**

The goal of the Training Resources
 Work Group is to determine
 LTAP/TTAP training product
 needs,Identify existing resources,
 and recommend training products.







## **NLTAPA** Regions



- Great Lakes
- Mid-Atlantic
- North Central
- Northeast
- South Central
- Southeast



https://nltapa.org/regions/





#### LTAP CENTERS BY REGION

#### Eastern Tribal Technical

Serving Alabama, Arkansas, Connecticut, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Carolina, Tennessee, Vermont, Virginia, West Virginia and Wisconsin.

Mountain West Tribal	Western Tribal	Plains Tribal
Serving Arizona, Colorado, New Mexico and Utah.	Serving California and Nevada.	Serving Montana, Wyoming and the Dakotas.
Alaska Tribal	Northwest Tribal	Southern Plains Tribal
Serving Alaska.	Serving Idaho, Montana (Western), Oregon and Washington.	Serving Kansas, Nebraska (Southern), Oklahoma and Texas.
Hawaii Local Technical Assistance Program		
	Serving Hawaii.	





## LTAP Innovations and Resources

How can the LTAP/TTAP assist...



...in surface transportation needs of territories in a safe and cost effective manner?



## LTAP Innovations and Resources

#### **INNOVATIONS**

- Oversight of EDC and STIC Programs
- Pertinent to Pacific and Atlantic islands, territories and coastal zones (i.e. Hawaii, Guam, US Virgin Islands)
- Climate Change Technology
- Road Safety
- Drone Usage and Applications

#### **RESOURCES**

- International Journal of Natural Disasters, Accidents and Civil Infrastructure
- Coastal Resilience Center (CRC)
   Partnership
- Summits, Fact Sheets and Expert Talks
- Transportation Research Board (TRB)



"There is a growing need to protect shorelines from coastal flooding due to the rapid sea-level rise and the increase in billiondollar coastal storm disasters." (Palinkas et al., 2022)











http://www.coastalwiki.org/wiki/Extreme storms

#### **Living Breakwaters - New York Harbor**

- This project consists of approximately 2,500 linear feet of nearshore breakwaters located 1,800 feet from shore.
- The project addresses both event-based and long-term shoreline erosion to improve safety and prevent damage to buildings and infrastructure.
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=BOIr W4A6XIE



https://stormrecovery.ny.gov/living-breakwaterstottenville



# **Living Breakwaters - New York Harbor**

 The breakwaters are designed to reduce the height of wind-driven waves reaching buildings and roads to less than 3 ft during a 100-year storm event with up to 18 inch of sea-level rise.



https://cyprus-mail.com/2016/09/25/breakwaters-answer-coastalerosion/





# Coastal Texas Protection and Restoration Project - Gulf of Mexico

- This project aims to minimize economic damage from coastal storm surge, inland and Gulf shoreline erosion, and restore threatened and endangered critical habitats hydrology to key lagoons.
- Improves the resilience for residents, industries, and ecosystems in the Houston - Galveston region.

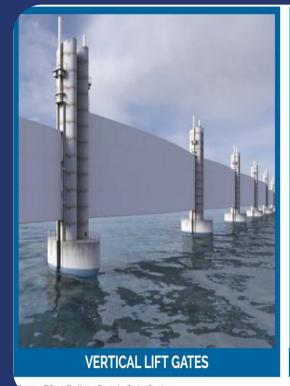


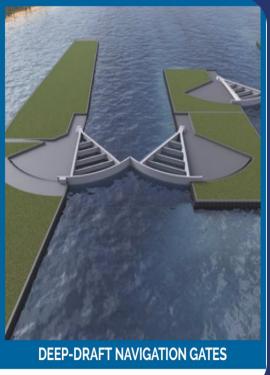
https://www.swg.usace.army.mil/Portals/26/docs/Planning/Public%20Notices-Civil%20Works/2020%20Coastal%20DIFR%20and%20dEIS/Coastal%20TX%20Executive%20Summary\_20201019.pdf?ver=9fE\_s4Hla4njYurhqiCYHQ%3D%3D



## **Coastal Texas Protection and Restoration Project - Gulf of Mexico**

- It includes a 2.8-mile long gated surge barrier system across the Galveston Bay entrance
- Improvements to the existing Galveston Seawall
- 43 miles of beach and dune systems on Galveston Island
- Additional non structural improvements on the mainland including floodproofing and raising of at-risk structures.





**pure ES-7:** Bolivar Roads Gate System

 $\underline{https://stormwater.wef.org/2020/11/usace-floats-26-billion-plan-to-flood-proof-texas-coastline/}$ 



# **Use of Recycled Tire Rubber in Asphalt Pavements**

- Recycling of rubber from waste tires into asphalt pavements is an attractive alternative addressing engineering, economic and environmental issues.
- Almost the entire amount of original rubber from a waste tires is discarded, which necessitates a very long time for natural degradation.



https://phys.org/news/2020-12-finding-new-uses-for-waste.html



# Use of Recycled Tire Rubber in Asphalt Pavements

- Disposal of waste polymers is a serious environmental concern as polymeric materials do not decompose easily.
- This poses two major challenges: waste of valuable rubber and environmental pollution due to disposal of waste tires.



https://www.tirereview.com/importance-tire-recycling/





30

# **Use of Recycled Tire Rubber in Asphalt Pavements**

 Addition of ground tire rubber (GTR) to asphalt binder and mixture is an accepted asphalt mixture practice in asphalt production and consumes about 12 percent of the total GTR market today.



https://www.bioenergyconsult.com/what-is-tire-recycling/





# **Use of Recycled Tire Rubber in Asphalt Pavements**

 Modification of asphalt binders with GTR can provide high performance pavements that aid in reduction of the number of waste tires disposed of in landfills and elsewhere.



https://www.uniquepavingmaterials.com/what-are-the-uses-of-asphalt/





32

## **Road Safety Innovations**

# Implementation of Change from Traffic Light Intersections to Roundabouts

- Roundabouts are increasingly becoming more popular due to the benefits that they provide.
- These benefits include dramatic reductions in serious injury and fatality crashes as well as reductions in delay for road users.



https://www.fdot.gov/agencyresources/roundabouts/benefits.shtm



## **Road Safety Innovations**

#### **Safety and Time Saving Statistics**

- 90% fewer fatalities and 75% fewer injuries
- 10%-40% fewer pedestrian/bicycle crashes
- Safer for beginner and elderly drivers
- 30%-50% increase in traffic capacity at intersections and less delay waiting at stops and signals



https://www.fdot.gov/agencyresources/roundabouts/benefits.shtm





## **Road Safety Innovations**

#### **Environmental and Cost Effectivity Statistics**

- Reduce pollution (from cars not waiting at stops), noise and fuel consumption.
- Roundabouts can be landscaped with native plants and trees.
- No cost from traffic signal maintenance.
- Roundabouts still operate in power outages, eliminating the need for police to direct traffic.



https://www.fdot.gov/agencyresources/roundabouts/benefits.shtm



## **NextGen TIM**

- Traffic Incident Management (TIM) has become the national standard of practice for law enforcement, fire, EMS, transportation, and towing response to roadway incidents.
- TIM has been shown to be an effective way to improve responder and motorist safety and reduce secondary crashes.



https://fasny.com/magazine\_articles/the-tim-perspective-seeing-traffic-incident-management-through-the-eyes-of-others/





#### **NextGen TIM**

- NextGen TIM technologies such as Unmanned Aerial Systems (UAS), are low-cost solutions that will save lives, reduce incident response times, and improve travel reliability.
- The Washington State Patrol found that roads were cleared 80% faster when using UAS as opposed to other methods form mapping serious crash scenes.





- Aerial Photography/GIS
- Exterior/interior inspection
- Construction Monitoring
- Traffic Monitoring
- Natural Disaster/Emergency Management
- Communications/Promotional Videos
- Structure/Facility Inspections



BROOKLYN, Ohio — A recent drone survey by the Ohio Department of Transportation's Unmanned Aircraft Systems Center (UAS) led to traffic signal changes done by the City of Brooklyn in an effort to mitigate frequent traffic logjams in the area, especially around peak times.







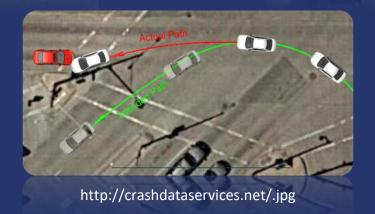
#### Traffic crash documentation or reconstruction



https://i0.wp.com/www.suasnews.com/



https://www.heliguy.com/blog/.png







**Applications of drones in Puerto Rico** - UAS technology as a tool to determine Hurricane María debris volumes in the municipality of Bayamón











#### **Traffic Incident Management**











**Traffic Incident Management (cont.)** 





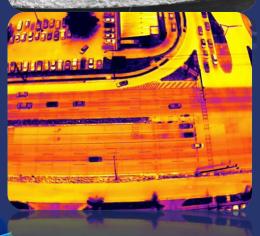




Thermal Filters in Drones



**Black Hot** 



**Iron Red** 



**White Hot** 

**Fulgurite** 



### **Drone Pricing Categories**

#### **Low-cost Drones & Toy Drones**

- Drone cost: up to \$200.00
- Expected Features: Ready-to-fly, comes with transmitter and controller
- Short battery life (5-10 minutes)
- Some examples: DJI Tello, JJRC X5
   Epik, Syma X500







- Drone cost: \$200.00-\$500.00
- Expected Features: Ready-to-fly, full kits, advanced camera stability, longer battery life, GPS positioning
- Some examples: DJI Mavic Mini, FunSnap DIVA, Hubsan Zino 2

**Entry-Level Camera and Racing Drones** 



### **Drone Pricing Categories**

#### **Mid-Range Consumer Drones**

- Drone cost: \$500.00-\$1000.00
- Expected features: Improved optics and speed, cutting-edge software, better automation
- Some examples: DJI Mavic Air 2, Parrot Anafi FPV, DJI Air 2S, Parrot Anafi Work









- Drone cost: \$1000.00-\$2000.00
- Expected features: Larger sizes, DIY drones, improved camera quality
- Some examples: DJI Mavic 2 Pro, DJI Inspire

**High-End Consumer Drones** 



### **Drone Pricing Categories**

#### **Professional Camera Drones**

- Drone cost: \$2000.00 and up
- Expected features: Made to suit professional camera setups
- Some Examples: DJI Inspire 2, Freefly Alta 8 Pro, Aurelia X8
   Standard, xFold Cinema X12 U7











## 1. International Journal of Natural Disasters, Accidents and Civil Infrastructure

 The scope of this publication covers engineering systems that provide support and help in the design of civil infrastructure, and to the natural disasters and accidents caused by human which may affect the infrastructure.



https://www.scipedia.com/sj/ridnaic





#### PRLTAP-T<sup>2</sup> Resources

## 2. Coastal Resilience Center Partnership

The Coastal Resilience Center (CRC)
 conducts research and education to
 enhance the resilience of the nation's
 people, infrastructure, economies, and
 the natural environment, to the
 impacts of coastal hazards such as
 floods and hurricanes.





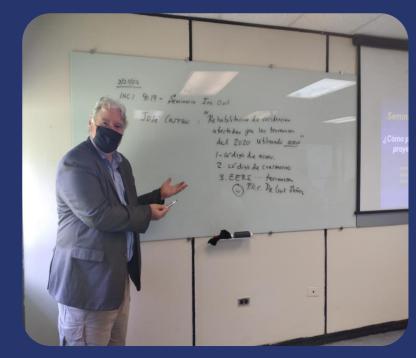
https://www.uprm.edu/inci/crc//

#### PRLTAP-T<sup>2</sup> Resources

3. Summits

4. Fact Sheets

5. Expert Talks







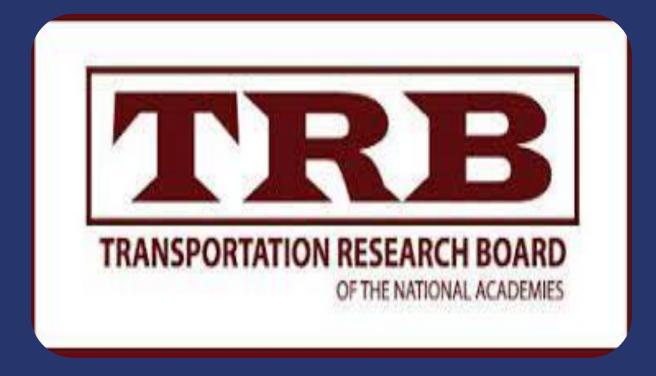




#### PRLTAP-T<sup>2</sup> Resources

## 6. Transportation Research Board (TRB)

 Provides leadership in transportation improvements and innovation through trusted, timely, impartial, and evidence-based information exchange, research, and advice regarding all modes of transportation.



https://www.nationalacademies.org/trb/transportation-research-board



### References/Online Resources

- 1. Buckingham K., and J. Torossian. 2021. "Nature-Based Solutions for Coastal Highway Resilience." FHWA-HRT-22-001. *Public Roads* 85,no. 3: 9-13. <a href="https://highways.dot.gov/public-roads/autumn-2021/02">https://highways.dot.gov/public-roads/autumn-2021/02</a>
- 1. FHWA. 2014a. *Highways in the Coastal Environment: Assessing Extreme Events*. Report No. FHWA\_NHI-14-006. Washington, DC: Federal Highway Administration
- 1. FHWA. 2014b. Transportation System Preparedness and Resilience to Climate Change and Extreme Weather Events. Order No. 5520. Washington, DC: Federal Highway Administration. <a href="https://www.fhwa.dot.gov/legsregs/directives/orders/5520.cfm">https://www.fhwa.dot.gov/legsregs/directives/orders/5520.cfm</a>
- 1. FHWA. 2015. FHWA Synthesis of Approaches for Addressing Resilience in Project Development. Report No. FHWA-HEP-17-082. Washington, DC: Federal Highway Administration.





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5. FHWA. 2019. "Sustainability: Resilience" (web page) <a href="https://www.fhwa.dot.gov/environment/sustainability/resilience/">https://www.fhwa.dot.gov/environment/sustainability/resilience/</a>

6. FHWA. 2020. "Sustainability: Transportation Engineering Approaches to Climate Resiliency (TEACR) Study (web page) <a href="https://www.fhwa.dot.gov/environment/sustainability/resilience/ongoing and current research/teacr/">https://www.fhwa.dot.gov/environment/sustainability/resilience/ongoing and current research/teacr/</a>

7. FHWA. 2021b. "Sustainability: Tools" (web page). <a href="https://www.fhwa.dot.gov/environment/sustainability/resilience/tools/">https://www.fhwa.dot.gov/environment/sustainability/resilience/tools/</a>

8. FHWA. 2021c. "Sustainability: Resilience Pilots" (web page). <a href="https://www.fhwa.dot.gov/environment/sustainability/resilience/pilots/">https://www.fhwa.dot.gov/environment/sustainability/resilience/pilots/</a>





### References/Online Resources

#### **FHWA-NHI Courses**

- 1. FHWA-NHI-142085. 2023. "Addressing Climate Resilience in Highway Project Development and Preliminary Design" (web page). <a href="https://www.nhi.fhwa.dot.gov/course-search?tab=0&key=resilience&sf=0&course-no=142085/">https://www.nhi.fhwa.dot.gov/course-search?tab=0&key=resilience&sf=0&course-no=142085/</a>
- 1. FHWA-NHI-142081. 2023. "Understanding Past, Current and Future Climate Conditions" (web page). <a href="https://www.nhi.fhwa.dot.gov/course-search?tab=0&key=climate%20change&sf=0&course\_no=142081">https://www.nhi.fhwa.dot.gov/course-search?tab=0&key=climate%20change&sf=0&course\_no=142081</a>
- 1. FHWA-NHI-380109. 2023. "Innovative Intersections and Interchanges" (web page). https://www.nhi.fhwa.dot.gov/course-search?tab=0&key=innovations&sf=0&course\_no=380109





